

## H3K4me2 antibody

Cat. No. C15200151 Specificity: Human, A. Nidulans: positive.

Type: Monoclonal, ChIP grade

Other species: not tested.

Isotype IgG1

Storage: Store at -20°C; for long storage, store at

Source: Mouse -80°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Lot: 001-12 Storage buffer: PBS containing 0.05% azide.

Concentration: 1 µg/µl

Size: 50 µg

Precautions: This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Description:** Monoclonal antibody raised in mouse against histone H3, dimethylated at lysine 4 (H3K4me2), using a KLH-

conjugated synthetic peptide.

## **Applications**

| Applications       | Suggested dilution | References |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| ChIP*              | 1 μg per ChIP      | Fig 1      |
| ELISA              | 1:5,000            | Fig 2      |
| Western blotting   | 1:1,000            | Fig 3      |
| Immunofluorescence | 1:500              | Fig 4      |

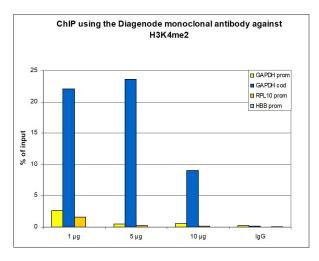
<sup>\*</sup>Please note that the optimal antibody amount per IP should be determined by the end-user. We recommend testing 1-5 µg per IP.

## Target description

Histones are the main constituents of the protein part of chromosomes of eukaryotic cells. They are rich in the amino acids arginine and lysine and have been greatly conserved during evolution. Histones pack the DNA into tight masses of chromatin. Two core histones of each class H2A, H2B, H3 and H4 assemble and are wrapped by 146 base pairs of DNA to form one octameric nucleosome. Histone tails undergo numerous post-translational modifications, which either directly or indirectly alter chromatin structure to facilitate transcriptional activation or repression or other nuclear processes. In addition to the genetic code, combinations of the different histone modifications reveal the so-called "histone code". Histone methylation and demethylation is dynamically regulated by respectively histone methyl transferases and histone demethylases.

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## Results



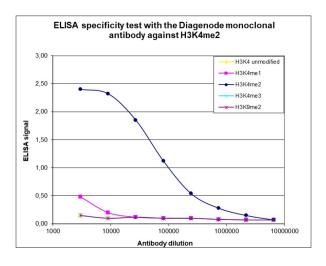


Figure 1. ChIP results obtained with the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4me2

ChIP assays were performed using HeLa cells, the monoclonal antibody against H3K4me2 (cat. No. C15200151) and optimized PCR primer sets for qPCR. ChIP was performed with the "OneDay ChIP" kit (cat. No. C01010011), using sheared chromatin from 1.6 million cells. A titration of the antibody consisting of 1, 5 and 10  $\mu g$  per ChIP experiment was analysed. IgG (5  $\mu g$ /IP) was used as negative IP control. QPCR was performed with primers for the promoter and the coding region of the GAPDH gene, and for the RPL10 and HBB promoters. Figure 1 shows the recovery, expressed as a % of input (the relative amount of immunoprecipitated DNA compared to input DNA after qPCR analysis).

Figure 2. Cross reactivity of the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4me2

To test the specificity an ELISA was performed using a serial dilution of the Diagenode monoclonal antibody against H3K4me2 (cat. No. C15200151). The wells were coated with peptides containing the unmodified H3K4 as well as the mono-, di- and trimethylated H3K4 and the dimethylated H3K9. Figure 2 shows a high specificity of the antibody for the modification of interest.

Figure 3. Western blot analysis using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4me2

Histone extracts (15 µg) from Hel a cells were analysed by

Histone extracts (15 µg) from HeLa cells were analysed by Western blot using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody against H3K4me2 (cat. No. C15200151) diluted 1:1,000 in TBS-Tween containing 5% skimmed milk. The position of the protein of interest is indicated on the right; the marker (in kDa) is shown on the left.

105 — 75 — 50 — 35 — 30 — 25 — 4 — H3K4me2



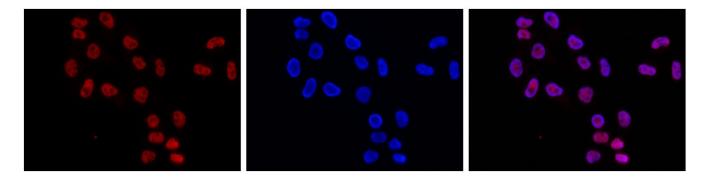


Figure 4. Immunofluorescence using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4me2

HeLa cells were stained with the Diagenode antibody against H3K4me2 (cat. No. C15200151) and with DAPI. Cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde for 10' and blocked with PBS/TX-100 containing 5% normal goat serum and 1% BSA. The cells were immunofluorescently labelled with the H3K4me2 antibody (left) diluted 1:500 in blocking solution followed by an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to Alexa594. The middle panel shows staining of the nuclei with DAPI. A merge of the two stainings is shown on the right.

