

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

H3K4un monoclonal antibody

Cat. No. C15200149 (MAb-149-050)

Type: Monoclonal ChIP-grade

Isotype: IgG2b Source: Mouse Lot #: 001-12 Size: 50 µg/ 50 µl Concentration: 1 µg/µl Specificity: Human: positive

Other species: not tested

Purity: Protein A purified monoclonal antibody in PBS

containing 0.05% azide.

Storage: Store at -20°C; for long storage, store at -80°C.

Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions: This product is for research use only. Not for

use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Description: Monoclonal antibody raised in mouse against histone H3 using a KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide containing the unmodified lysine 4 (H3K4un).

Applications

	Suggested dilution	Results
ChIP*	1-5 μg/ChIP	Fig 1
ELISA	1:5,000	Fig 2
Western blotting	1:1,000	Fig 3
IF	1:500	Fig 4

^{*}Please note that the optimal antibody amount per IP should be determined by the end-user. We recommend testing 1-5 µg per IP.

Target description

Histones are the main constituents of the protein part of chromosomes of eukaryotic cells. They are rich in the amino acids arginine and lysine and have been greatly conserved during evolution. Histones pack the DNA into tight masses of chromatin. Two core histones of each class H2A, H2B, H3 and H4 assemble and are wrapped by 146 base pairs of DNA to form one octameric nucleosome. Histone tails undergo numerous post-translational modifications, which either directly or indirectly alter chromatin structure to facilitate transcriptional activation or repression or other nuclear processes. In addition to the genetic code, combinations of the different histone modifications reveal the so-called "histone code". Histone methylation and demethylation is dynamically regulated by respectively histone methyl transferases and histone demethylases.

Results

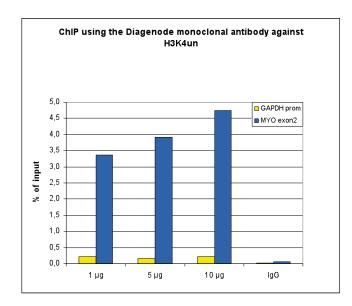


Figure 1. ChIP results obtained with the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4un

ChIP assays were performed using HeLa cells, the monoclonal antibody against H3K4un (Cat. No. C15200149) and optimized PCR primer sets for qPCR. Chromatin was sheared with the Diagenode Bioruptor. ChIP was performed with the "LowCell# ChIP" kit (Cat. No. C01010073), using sheared chromatin from 105 cells. A titration of the antibody consisting of 1, 5 and 10 µg per ChIP experiment was analysed. IgG (5 µg/IP) was used as negative IP control. QPCR was performed with primers for the GAPDH promoter (cat. No. C17011047) and for exon 2 of the myoglobin gene (Cat. No. C17011006). Figure 1 shows the recovery, expressed as a % of input (the relative amount of immunoprecipitated DNA compared to input DNA after qPCR analysis).

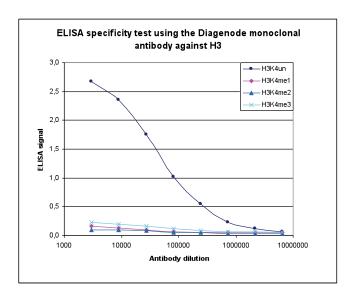


Figure 2. Cross reactivity of the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4un

To test the specificity an ELISA was performed using a serial dilution of the Diagenode monoclonal antibody against H3K4un (Cat. No. C15200149). The wells were coated with peptides containing the unmodified H3K4 region as well as the mono-, di- and trimethylated H3K4. Figure 2 shows a high specificity of the antibody for the unmodified peptide.

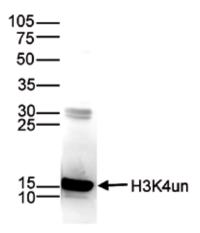


Figure 3. Western blot analysis using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4un $\,$

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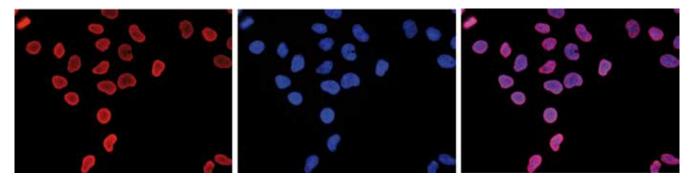


Figure 4. Immunofluorescence using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against H3K4un

HeLa cells were stained with the Diagenode antibody against H3K4un (Cat. No. C15200149) and with DAPI. Cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde for 10' and blocked with PBS/TX-100 containing 5% normal goat serum and 1% BSA. The cells were immunofluorescently labelled with the H3K4un antibody (left) diluted 1:500 in blocking solution followed by an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to Alexa594. The middle panel shows staining of the nuclei with DAPI. A merge of the two stainings is shown on the right.

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